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INNOVATIVEHRDPRACTICES(workspaces)-ACONCEPTUALSTUDY

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Abstract

The proliferation of startups and the rise of the gig economy initially fueled interest in sharedoffice spaces. In particular, these two elements helped push the coworking sector forward. Thenext spike in demand for coworking spaces is being driven by the departure of large businesses from traditional office layouts, particularly in these rvice industries and among certain multina tional firms. As a consequence, there has been a rise in the demand for coworking spaces. It's a common misperception that if a group of professionals rents an office, they may all worktogether in the space. There are several ways in which coworking spaces are superior than atraditional workplace. A work area serves the same function as any other communal space. Consider the option of relocating to a shared apartment. The renters are accountable for theupkeep and cleanliness of the common facilities, such as the kitchen, bathrooms, and livingrooms. The spaces were designed without the usual corporate restrictions on what constitutes a"office" and are supposed to foster a creative and cooperative atmosphere among the energetic individuals who work there. All corporate restrictions on what may and cannot be called a "office" have been disregarded in the design of the habitats. The essay presents a conceptual discussion of the development and significance of co-working environments. shared How officeshaveprogressedovertimeisthetopicathand. Toensurethateveryoneinterestedinthistopican get the necessary background information, we have compiled a comprehensive literaturereview.

Keywords:workspaces,HRDPractices,realestate,sharing,corporate,environment

Introduction

Largebusinessesmaysavecostsbysharingofficespace. Freelancers, small businessowners, and members of organizations all fit this conceptualization of people who work alongside othersof varying qualities in the same physical location. Freelancers and small business owners in the IT, design, and creative industries often operate side by side in the same physical place, although belonging to various companies and using different logins and IDs.

The benefits that draw so many freelancers and entrepreneurs to shared office spaces are just as relevant to bigger firms. Coworking may be cost-effective for businesses of all sizes, given the proper environment. Companies may save money by paying a monthly fee to the coworking organization rather than renting an office space, buying furniture, paying for utilities, buying office equipment, and providing coffee and snacks.

Comparable, but with amore serious and professional air, is the office environment. A work place welcomes individuals from a wide variety of sectors, firms, and backgrounds, incontrast to the closed-door atmosphere of a typical office, where only the personnel of a single business or organization are present. Co-working facilities serve as a substitute for private offices. They provide low-cost office space for those who want to get away from the solitude of working from home or a cafe. Hot desks, private conference rooms, kitchens, coffee, and other work place conveniences may all be found in these shared offices. Coworking spaces are a new method of working and collaborating in which resources like space, money, and facilities are shared.

Therehasbeenarecentuptickininnovativeworkplacesthatbucktraditional officed esignideals. These ar easarelively and conducive to teamwork. Some of the most well-known corporations in the world have embraced the office-sharing trend by choosing to place their employees indedicated work areas. Human resources uses a variety of technology, from background checks to employee wellness programs, to develop comprehensive strategies for attracting and retaining top people, fostering an inclusive workplace, and optimizing operational efficiency.

Humanresourcestechnologyiscrucialincreatinganenvironmentwhereallworkersareacknowledged andrespected. Toretain top talent and keep turnover low, human resourcesmanagers need proactive tools that enable them to engage and listen to employees on a massivescale, gain predictive and actionable insights into employees' mood and engagement, and detectproblems like burnout and stress. To help HR and business executives prevent and deal withproblemslikeburnoutandstressbeforetheyeverstart, we have partnered with Arianna Huffington's Thrive.

Reviewofliterature

While the future of coworking seems bright, Deskmag (2019) noted that the practice is still in itsinfancy. Coworking spaces have exploded in popularity throughout the world after being almostnonexistentonlyadecadeago. The Global Coworking Survey found that there were only approxim ately 160 shared office spaces in the globe in 2008, but by 2018 that number had risento about 19,000. Investors are taking note of the influx of entrepreneurs (particularly millennials) into these areas.

Journal of Wall Street (2018 Edition). As one of the "few bright spots in the office-market during the economic recovery," these spaces are "one of the few sources of demand" for which many of the world's major landlords are allocating significant resources.

AccordingtoKreamer(2012),ascoworkinghasgrowninpopularity,aplethoraofentrepreneurial-focused websites, blogs, journals, and other news outlets have covered the topicand speculated about its implications for the future of business and employment. One of the mostwell recognized movements in modern business is undoubtedly the proliferation of shared officespaces.

Following Klepper (1996). There are significant policy implications for knowing how coworking affects entrepreneurship. Since the modern coworking sector is still in its infancy, it has not yetseen a complete business cycle. The coworking sector is expected to undergo consolidationwheneverarecessionorothershockoccurs 2. Asstated by Aldrich and Ruef (2018) Local go vernments, colleges, and businesses often provide all or part of the money for shared officespaces; now, these institutions and businesses must decide whether or not to continue supporting these facilities. The "black swans" of entrepreneurship, or successful startups that attract

venturemoneyandeventuallygopublic, have been the subject of much contemporary study. These

authors argue that academics should instead study the hundreds of thousands of "mundane" or "ordinary" new businesses that pop up every year. Coworking spaces provide a fantastic settingfor this since they are always bustling with new enterprises of varying calibre, from "blackswans" (and those aspiring to become one) to consulting firms to tiny businesses to "everyday" entrepreneurs. The emerging knowledge-based economy (Porter, 2000; Scott, 2014; Wolfe, 2014) has contributed to the growth of prosperous company clusters or agglomerations. A. Madanipour, & C. Cities are undergoing profound transformations as a result of the rise of the post-industrial, knowledge-

intensiveeconomy. Cities are expanding and diversifying to meet the needs of knowledge and creative wo rkersastheworld'spopulationconcentratesinmetropolitanareas.Merkel (2015); Schmidt et al. (2015). New types of workers are taking use of the shared, collaborative spaces offered by emerging urban forms like coworking, innovation hubs, andmaker spaces.189; Surman, 2013."Access to amenities and facilities they otherwise would not beable to afford" is at the heart of the coworking movement, which is built membership on a modelforsharedofficespaces.FrauMerkel,(2015:122).Recentlylabeleda"newurbansocialpractice," distinguished from conventional coworking is workplaces by emphasis "mutualsupportamongst freelancers andself-employed persons."

Threerecentstudies(Pohler,2011,Spinuzzi,2012,andSurman,2013)supportthisidea.Knowledge or creative professionals who prefer to work alone or in small groups may takeuse of coworking spaces, which provide a variety of amenities at a reasonable price.According toDeskmag, a journal focused only on coworking, there were 7800 such spaces in the globe in2015, up significantly from the 3400 places recorded in 2013 (Deskmag, 2015). Frequently seeninhistoric structures in urban cores.

Research

MethodologyTypeofstudy

:Descriptive

Sources of data; Second source has been considered for the study-surfengines, journals, book set considered for the study-surfengines, journals, source set cons

Limitationsofthestudy:

- Onlysecondarydatahasbeensourcedforthepresentstudythroughliteraturereview
- Timeis one of the limiting factors

Conceptualbackground

The best method for businesses to deal with the problems associated with employee adaptability and morale in the modern workplace is to study how entrepreneurs deal with the same kinds of challenges.

Inordertoadapttotheever-evolvingneedsofthebusinessworld,organizationsmustadoptmore adaptive strategies and create more adaptable learning environments. Coworking spacesoffer its users with a community in which they may grow their professional networks and skillsets.

1)Adaptability:

Seventy-three percent of employees in a 2018 poll reported being happier in their jobs as a resultofhavingmoreoptions for scheduling.

Provide your staff with a wide range of options for where and how they do their job. As theworkforceexpands, businesses may easily accommodate more people into the office by negotiating an ew lease that better suits their requirements.

AccesstoaWiderNetwork:

It's possible that networking among coworkers in the same workplace won't be as fruitful asnetworking in a different setting. High-achieving, goal-oriented people from all walks of lifecongregate in these settings. This presents a huge window of opportunity for expanding thenetwork. The presence of potential collaborators, patrons, and mentors in a shared office orcoworking space is a huge advantage when it comes to completing time-sensitive projects orchoreson schedule.

Thirdly, time and money are saved by not having to establish your own workplace or build anentirely new building from the ground up. It's true that rent must be paid for each room that isoccupied. The essential technology, tools, and processes for an office to run efficiently areabundantly provided, allowing businesses to concentrate only on their job and removing any distractions from the operating formalities.

Flexibleofficelayoutsareavailable.

In today's competitive job market, human resources departments have various issues, including attracting and keeping top talent and developing a positive work environment that inspires andbonds employees. They need to think outside the box, ditching tired retention strategies in favorofcutting-edgemethods proven to boostmorale and outputin acompetitive market.

Discussion

HereareasomeofthewaysthatofficesarehelpingoutHR,takingonmoreoftheload,andprovingtobeasolid business partner:

1. Recruitingandretainingtoptalent:

The combination of the growing "gig economy" and reliable internet access has made it possible for people to work whenever and wherever they choose. As a result, corporations are nowcompeting with one another not just in their ownregion but also with competitors from acrossthe globe for the best talent. The workplaces' adaptability in accommodating employees' various chedules is amajor selling point.

Often situated in convenient downtown areas, these office spaces provide easy access for allworkers and a stimulating setting in which to get things done. When workers like what they do,theyaremoreinvestedintheirjobs, whichincreases jobsatisfaction and decrease sturnover.

ExcellentforDistributedWorkforces

Nowadays, most large corporations really do recruit workers whocan dotheir work remotely. Butthere are downsides to this as well, just as there are to everything else. Distractions abound in the home setting, which might hinder an employee's ability to do their best work. One of the creative HRD practices employed by firms is providing workspaces, which allow remote employees function more successfully and efficiently by providing a more replicated atmosphere with the flexibility of a 'work from home' arrangement and reducing distractions.

ImprovedMoraleAmongWorkers(3):

Consequently, HR departments are focussing their efforts on developingprograms, strategies, and teams to better understand and enhance the employee experience as a whole. In truth, employee satisfaction is of utmost importance in modern workplaces and will continue to be inthefuture of work.

Workplacesthatallowfortelecommutingarebeneficial.

Each employee has the option of customizing their workspace to best meet their needs and preferences, allowing them to maximize productivity. With the support of their inventive, collaborative, and creative atmosphere, this contributes to a more streamline demployee experience.

Human resources revolve on the idea that workers are at their most productive when they arehealthyandhappy. The concept of "Workplace Wellness" emerged throughout the course of these years. All efforts to improve the physical and mental well-being of staff members are included in this definition. They provide services that are comparable to those of coworking spaces.

Theydeviseawiderangeofinitiativesandsupplementaryofferingsgearedonimprovingworkers' health and happiness. Employees like wellness initiatives such as flexible work hours, wellness counseling, EAPs, wellness-specific areas of the workplace, healthy food options, andmore. Everything mentioned above is included in addition to the shared office space. Some ofthemeven provide emergency childcareservices.

Conclusion

The significance of the office environment in maintaining employee engagement and peak performance is sevolving. Human resources now considers work places an integral element of their overall acquisition, development, and retention strategy.

Workplace spaces make workers feel fantastic by providing anything from open workstationplacestoconferenceroomstoprivatelocationslikephoneboothstoinformalspotstounwind and relax, including a play area and restaurant. Today most of the organizations in spite ofmany odds are willing to go for workspaces as it is creating the long-term path in terms ofsustainability; (ii) it is able to minimize the technical feasibility and start-up costs; (iii) the risk ofshifting the workspace concept, is a successful theme and is preferable to many IT servicesorganizationandcanspreadtomanyotherorganizationsevenforgreaterproductivityandgreate rsustainability.

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