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# ANALYSISOFSTOCKMARKETPREDICTIONFO RINCORPORATINGSTOCKPRICESUSINGMAC HINE LEARNING

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#### Abstract:

When looking at a financial time series, the analysis of stock prices is becoming a topic that isreceivingagrowingamountofattention. The purpose of the study is to carry out an examination into the price of the stock exchange and the price criteria linked with it. These pricing criteriainclude the date, high, and low prices, as well as news feed. In this study, the Long-Short TermMemory Model is described. An exponential moving average was applied to it in order to carryoutaninvestigationofthepricefluctuationsthatoccurredinthestockmarketoveraperiodoftenand twentydays. Because it makes use oftechnical signals of price, this technique delivershigher performan ce when compared to other approaches. Predicting the behavior of the stock market with all of its intricacies and constantly shifting circumstances, has always been a challengingendeavor. As a consequence of the many studies that have been conducted in order to developcorrect prediction models, machine learning algorithms have emerged as powerful tools in thisarea. These studies have been carried out in order to construct accurate prediction models. Within the scope of this investigation, we propose a method for predicting the behavior of the stockmarketthatisbasedontheuseofmachinelearningmethods; one component of this prediction is the utilizationofcurrentstockvalues. The first thing that has to be done in order to implement this approach is to collect a historical database of information pertaining to the stock market. This database information stock prices, trading volume, include such as specificnews, and any other relevant indications. For the aim of training machine learning models, there areanumber of different preprocessing phases that are carried out. Some of these stages included at a cleaning, normalization, and feature engineering. These stages are carried out in order to assure the correctness and useful ness of the data that will be used.

#### INTRODUCTION

Next, several machine learning algorithms are employed to build prediction models. Commonly used algorithms such as support vector machines (SVM), random forests, and neural networks are considered, along with more advanced techniques like gradient boosting and deep learning architectures. These algorithms are trained on the preprocessed data, and their performance is evaluated using appropriate evaluation metrics. To incorporate stock prices into the prediction models, multiple approaches are explored. One approach involves Page No: 1

using lagged stock prices as additional input features to capture temporal dependencies and patterns. Another approach involves using technical indicators derived from stock prices, such as moving averages, relative strength index (RSI), and Bollinger Bands, to provide further insights into market trends. Furthermore, sentiment analysis techniques can be applied to incorporate textual data from news articles, social media, and other sources. By extracting sentiment scores and sentiment-related features, sentiment analysis can help capture the impact of public sentiment on stock prices and incorporate it into the prediction models. The proposed approach is validated using real-

worldstockmarketdatafrommultiplecompaniesorindices, and the prediction accuracy is approaches. compared with existing experiments also investigate the impact of different features, time windows, and machine learning al gorithms on the prediction performance. The results demonstrate that incorporating stockprices into the prediction models improves the accuracy and robustness of stock marketpredictions. The approach provides valuable insights into the interplay between stock prices and other market factors, enhancing decision-making processes for investors, traders, andfinancial analysts. Stock market price trends raised the financial time series to predict thevolatilityofstockvolume. Theuse of price trends has been fit into the exchange-traded funds to the trading mentor. The purposes are: understand their trading volume condition using the stock exchange. The raise of stock exchange prediction has brought challenges for socialmarket prices. Wei Kuang et al. (2020) has been proposed the feature dimension of pricetrends and Kislev al. approached the forecasting (2020)performance of price predictions with the various role of time, currency, volume using machine learning techniques. Ther oleofthe price trends to deliver the liquidity, market capitalization, and mutual fund for the statistical measure of stock moves in the market. The trading mentor emphasizes the realtimeinformation and coming up with pioneering ways to offering the stock exchange. The

studyoriginates the price of the stock to fix the initial public offering. A stock market priceprediction platformis definedas correlatingthefeature dimensionof market efficiencyandstockmarketpriceprediction'demands. Thefieldofstudydeals with the pricetrends to BID.It has been referred to as the part of the forecasting performance of price. A challengingproblem that arises in the stock exchange is the complexity of trade value between the portfolios of price trends. The enormous market order has been generated by the rapiddevelopment of the stock exchange, the volume and trade value has been increased in theshareholders, it's become more complicated to the intraday trading. Moreover, few studieshave focused on the selectionand scoring of the task, capitalization of investment, and performance of investors. LSTM approach to resolving the problem to the price prediction of stoc ks, analyze the volume, the tradevalue, the tradetype, and investment market in the stock. The exchan geofmarketpricehasbeenformedbetweenthetradingmentorandinvestorbythecharacteristicsofst Page No: 2

Journal of Vibration Engineering(1004-4523) | Volume 22 Issue 4 2022 | www.jove.science ockselection. This study, investigates, to predict the performance of stock

market price trends by the supervised learning approach. One of the major aims of the studyinferred to the investors in a stock selection and price prediction, this combination to predict properties in the stock exchange market. In this paper, a study has been undertaken topredict properties the properties of stocks.

#### **LITERATURESURVEY**

Approached Wavelet Neural Network to optimize the attributes of stock price trends. UsingRough Set theory to reduce the feature dimensions of stock price trends. exploited WaveletNeural Network (WNN) to predict stock price trends. By rough set theory, the data has been analyzed by the 5 indices such as composite index, CSI 300 Index, Australian ordinaries index, Japan Nikkei index, and USA jones index. It has determined by the waveletneural network. Evaluations were based on optimizing

thefeaturedimensions and reduce the computational complexity. The author has discussed the parameter adjustment and weakness of the complexity analysis approached the hybrid selection method with the classification model of support vector machine. The model has carried out the prediction of stock price trends. The datasethas analyzed by the Index in Taiwan Economic Journal Database 2008.

Ithasbeendesignedbytheperformanceundertheparametervalues, supported by these archingtechn iques of sequential forward search. The limitations of the performance were compared by the machine learning algorithm of the Backpropagation model their computational complexity has reduced 15% compared with the proposed algorithm. But it gives the structure of the feature selection model [4] the deep learning solutions of a universal dataset of financial market trends. It includes the sale records of the transactions of the stock exchange. The L STM units have been used as the rectified linear units with the gradient descent method. This

algorithm had optimized by the cost. It's able to cover the stock more than the test data. This method has effectively reduced the computational complexity. Dr. Naveen Prasadula predicted the price trends by Bayes classification and performed by the fractal feature selection. Shanghai Stock Exchange Composite Index (SSECI) dataset has been used to analyze the price trends of the stock exchange with different technical indicators. In the pre-processing, the data has to be normalized, and the combination was associated by the Association rule mining, By K-

crossvalidationthedatahasbeenvalidatedandtheperformancehasbeenmeasuredbytheregression techniquesofapolynomialvectorregression model. [6] Analyzed by the micro and macro factors of the financial domain. Bythe cross-validation and combination of an association rule, the accuracy has been analyzed.the evaluation results were tested by the hyperparameter of combinations. [7] Approachedthe price trends of Bitcoins. It has been optimized by the bourta algorithm for preprocessingthe price distribution. By random forest Page No: 4

Journal of Vibration Engineering(1004-4523) | Volume 22 Issue 4 2022 | www.jove.science classifier, LSTM parameters have been optimized. The analyzed datasethas been taken from the year 2013 to 2016.

[8] improve the performance of the financial stock index. *It* analyzes the movement of Istanbul Stock Exchange price for the financial index. Artificial Neural networks had been used to analyze the movement of stock exchange prices.

[9] developedtherandomwalk-basedmodeltopredictthestatusofthecompanyusingtheantcolony optimization method to predict the performance of stock trading. [10] improved theperformance using the Support Vector Machine (SVM) method to analyze the HSBC stockprice. It compared the performance of the existing algorithm and proposed algorithm forpredicted the stock price. [11] analyzed the performance of feature selection methodology of PCA and Sequential Forward Selection (SFS) with SVR and concluded that PCA performsbetter accuracy than SFS. [12] analyzed the Japan stock price, the study used to analyze the principal component analysis methodomonitor the stockprice

#### MATERIALSANDMETHODSSTOCKP

#### RICEDIMENSIONS

The timeseries of data has a different dimension to predict the stock price. The data contains stock values of various organizations. The parameters are date, max, min, start, end, volume.

Date-Onwhichdatethepricehasbeentakenintoaccount.Max-

Denotes the highest price of the sold-out.

Min-Denotes thelowestprice of the sold-

out.End- Close,Priceofthestock.

Volume-quantity ofthestock.

Thedatasethas analyzedbymachinelearningmethods. Thedatasethas split into training and testing data. The train data has 100 records, test data has 50 records. It has been analyzed by the package of ca Tools.

#### **LSTMPREDICTIONS**

By Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) Long Short Term Memory (LSTM) parameters has been trained to the state of the state ofdinasupervisedlearningmethod, Onatrained data using the optimizational gorithms of gradient descent (GD) has paired with backpropagation algorithm (BPA) through the date tocompute the GD during the optimization of methods. To change the volume of the stockvalues of the LSTM proportional the derivative error of the price prediction to accuracy.LSTMmodelisanextensivestudyofRNN,itmainlyhandlesthepricepredictionofthedail ymarket values. The inputs of date, the highest price of the stock, lowest price, closing price, and quantity of the stock have considered the feedback of the output and stored in a shortperiod time of memory. The fields of stock price and composition of market exchangevalues of information have been stored for along period. A reference of stored information i

Journal of Vibration Engineering(1004-4523) | Volume 22 Issue 4 2022 | www.jove.science quitelongtopredictthetimeseriesofpricevalues.ButRNNisexplodingthegradients

duringthetrainingtimethrough

thebacktracking method. LSTM hashandled the feature scaling of the noisy distribution of data and pro videsarangeofparameters. Sothecomplexity has reduced with the O(1). The feature selection part of theDATEparameterhascategorized into two different ranges, moving range of 10 days, 20 days of close price values, and the difference between the close price values. It denotes by the A, B, and D. the main contribution of the categorizing the date parameters has finds the keen accuracy of the forecast in gperformance of stock price trends in themarket. In supervised learning, the first step islabeling the data. Price trends were compared by the Max, and Min of the sold- out stockpricerangehas beenidentified. Therangehasbeendifferent inalllabels, by nominal scaling all theranges werescaled0to 1

#### RESULTANDDISCUSSION

Split the dataset to evaluate the technical indicators with various variables of time, length,numberofstockids,andvaluesduringtheperiod.Bycross-

validation,theoptimalhyperparameters were identified in the model. The study has used to split the 5 fold cross-validation to train and validate the parameters. An initial train set is said to be 'k's, for eachiteration'k+1"forthe validationtosplitupthedataset. The total number of stock values was

150. The train loss validation results were below the level of the stock exchange, the valueswere decreased in order of the constituents. The Validation loss was very high in the results. The Sector variables of time, price, currency, and volume were high in that evaluation, So, the stock exchange rate of finance is higher in the companies.

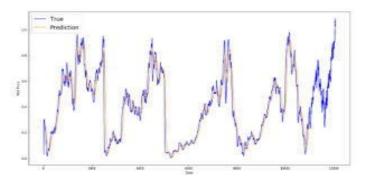


Figure1:Predictionfor20days

The Average standard deviation of price is 4.56, volume is 3.82, Sold out price is 3.45. Byunderstandingthestatistical significance P=0.06 the stock price values were evaluated under the better effectiveness of the stock indicators. Figure shows the short prediction range of 0 to 20 days overnight shown in Figure 1, these behaviors are sensible in the features of time, price, and currency for the stock selection task. For better performance, we use the technique of exponential moving average. By using calculated the prediction of the next 10 days

Journal of Vibration Engineering(1004-4523) | Volume 22 Issue 4 2022 | www.jove.science byusingthestockvolumeorquantityshown in Figure 2.

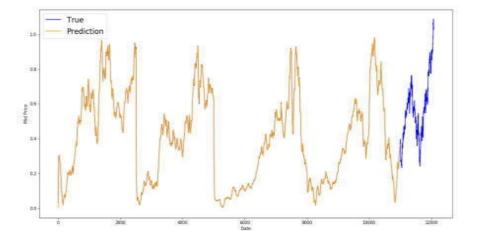


Figure2Predictionfor10daysmovingrangeThe

A dam optimizer to use to predict the next 10 days price prediction strategy.

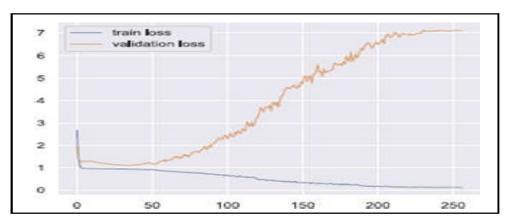


Figure 3: Comparison of train and validation loss for prices

The unique characteristic when calculating the loss, for each set of predictions and true outputs of trainloss and validation loss.

From Figure 3 Accuracy has been evaluated and shown in the graph. The training accuracyandvalidationaccuracywereyieldedgoodperf4 fortestingaccuracy.

Performance between the price variables of 150. The training accuracy yielded a better levelof validation using time and volume. The trained accuracy higher in the range of 1.0. Itbelongs to the range of 0.3 to 1.0 for the 150 Stock variables in the LSTM model shown in Figure 4.

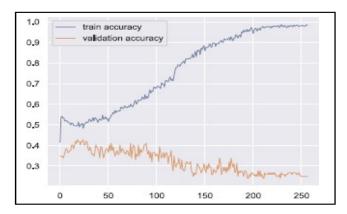


Figure 4: Comparison of train and validation performance for prices

Thetrainingaccuracyhaslinearlyraisedthelevelfrom 0.4 to 1.0 from initialid to stock 150. The traini ngprocessofthepricedistribution,thecategoricalcurvesinthevalidation,andthetrained accuracy of levels. From 0 to 50 epoch accuracy level has gradually increased up to 100 epoch. Due to the subsequent iterations, 150 epoch onwards. Consequently, the trained accuracy level 0.4 of onward eventually up the range 1.0. The stock to price, finance, commerce, and properties rate were eventually predicted in the model. From observat mean, standard deviation, and maximization values are yielded goodaccuracybytheLSTMmodel.ThetrainingmetricsoftheLSTMmodelhavebeenanalyzedbyre lative-Entropy and Accuracy. For testing metrics analyzed by the relative entropy, Accuracy, and F1 measures. It yielded better results compared to the existing methodologies. The Analyzed values of relative-

entropymetricsforthetrainingdatasetwere 0.085. The measured accuracy value of the stock exchange price was 81.23%. The test dataset metrics of relative-entropy value as 0.075. The measured accuracy value was 82.86% and F1 was 8.289.

#### TestPredictionsOvertime

The LSTM performance of sectors was mid-price of 12 to 14 ranges as in the stock pricevaluesof1100to11200.From11400therangeraisesthelinearlyhighinthemid-priceof0.8value. The highest accuracy raised over 12000. Eventually, the volume of mid-price was11000,11200,11400,11600,11800,12000,12200,and12400inFigure5respectively.

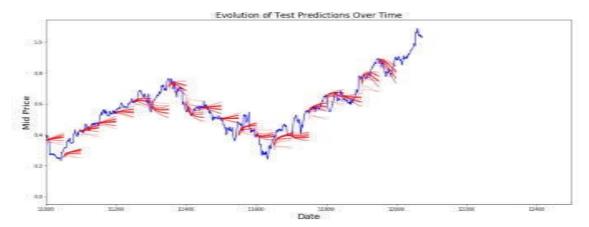


Figure 5:EvolutionofTestpriceprediction overtime

Based on the analysis of the effectiveness of the information high accuracy values of sectors gives better stock price to predict the outperformance using the price data distribution. The price prediction steps were followed by the learning rate of the optimizer, the nomin also also fitnesses, by using Adamoptimizer to perform the standard LSTM performance for price prediction.

#### **VIConclusion**

TheinsightofthestudyhasanalyzedtheStockExchangepricerangesof10daysand20days. Theasso ciationofthedatasetproducedtheactionableinformationoftrainlossandvalidationloss of the parameters. The price concerning each attribute of date, max price, min price, thevolume of everyday stock. The test prediction over time gives the prediction performance ofdate Vs price. By the analyzed values using relative-entropy metrics for the training, thedataset has measured the accuracy value of the stock exchange price was 81.23%. The testdatasetmetricsofrelative-entropyvalueas0.075. Themeasuredaccuracyvaluewas82.86%.

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